CHANGE MANAGEMENT

John Kotter and the human side of change management

Change management from an organisational perspective refers to any event or programme a business undertakes that causes major disruption to daily operations (CIO.com).

In the 1990s, John Kotter, Emeritus Professor in organisational science and change management at Harvard University, emphasised the human side of change in change management.

Kotter created an eight-step process for understanding and managing change in an article for *Harvard Business Review* in 1996, and later in his book, *Leading Change*.



Food and beverage organisation PepsiCo worked with consultancy firm TMC to ensure all employees – all 90,000 – treated each other with respect and fairness,

demonstrating a sensitivity to difference and appreciation for diverse perspectives and opinions.

Due to the significant complexity of the effort, TMC adapted John Kotter's 8-Step Process for Leading Change to create a strategy for building a globally inclusive and unifying organisational culture. For the full report, go to bit.ly/2TjYHNS.



CREATE A SENSE OF URGENCY

Help others see the need for change through a bold opportunity statement that communicates the importance of acting immediately.



BUILD A GUIDING COALITION

A volunteer army needs a coalition of effective people to guide it, coordinate it and communicate its activities.



FORM A STRATEGIC VISION AND INITIATIVES

Clarify how the future will be different from the past and how you can make that future a reality through initiatives linked directly to the vision.



ENLIST A VOLUNTEER ARMY

Large-scale change can only occur when massive numbers of people rally around a common opportunity.



ENABLE ACTION BY REMOVING BARRIERS

Removing barriers, such as inefficient processes, provides the freedom necessary to work across silos and generate real impact.



GENERATE SHORT-TERM WINS

Wins must be recognised, collected and communicated to track progress and energise volunteers.



SUSTAIN ACCELERATION

Press harder after the first successes. Your increasing credibility can improve systems, structures and policies.



INSTITUTE CHANGE

Articulate the connections between the new behaviours and organisational success, making sure they continue until they become strong enough to replace old habits.

"Management is a set of processes that can keep a complicated system of people and technology running smoothly. The most important aspects of management include planning, budgeting, organising, staffing, controlling and problem solving. Leadership is a set of processes that creates organisations in the first place or adapts them to significantly changing



circumstances.
Leadership defines
what the future should
look like, aligns
people with that
vision and inspires
them to make it
happen despite
the obstacles."